PATRIOT PARK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 El Paso County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors

Patriot Park Metropolitan District No. 2

El Paso County, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Patriot Park Metropolitan District No. 2 ("District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of December 31, 2022, the respective changes in financial position, and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of the report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America will always detect a material misstatement when it

exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in

accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information, as identified in the table of contents. The other information does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Colorado Springs, Colorado

BiggsKofford, P.C.

August 22, 2023



PATRIOT PARK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

A00FT0	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	Φ 0.040
Cash and Investments	\$ 8,210
Cash and Investments - Restricted Accounts Receivable	440,023
	5,478
Receivable - County Treasurer	3,012
Property Taxes Receivable	354,937 407,453
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	497,153
Total Assets	1,308,813
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	8,182
Due to Other Districts	1,004
Prepaid Assessments	3,178
Accrued Bond Interest	11,341
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	40,000
Due in More Than One Year	4,100,684
Total Liabilities	4,164,389
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	354,937
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	354,937
NET POSITION	
Net Investment In Capital Assets	(139,275)
Restricted for:	(100,270)
Emergency Reserve	5,600
Debt Service	193,627
Unrestricted	(3,270,465)
0.11.00t.10t04	(0,210,400)
Total Net Position	\$ (3,210,513)

PATRIOT PARK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

					Program	Revenues			(E) C	et Revenue xpense) and Changes in let Position
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		Expenses		charges for ervices	Gran	rating ts and butions	Gran	pital ts and butions		overnmental Activities
Primary Government:										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$	210,369	\$	53,147	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(157,222)
Dedication of Capital Assets to Other Governments		2,891,428		_		_		_		(2,891,428)
Interest and Related Costs on		2,001,420								(2,001,420)
Long-Term Debt		211,599		-						(211,599)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	3,313,396	\$	53,147	\$		\$			(3,260,249)
GENERAL REVENUES Property Taxes Specific Ownership Taxes Net Investment Income Other Income Total General Revenues									354,228 36,832 7,241 90 398,391	
	СН	ANGES IN NE	T POSI	ΓΙΟΝ						(2,861,858)
	Net	Position - Beg	inning c	f Year						(348,655)
	NE ⁻	FPOSITION -	END OF	YEAR					\$	(3,210,513)

PATRIOT PARK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS	(General	;	Debt Service		Total vernmental Funds
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Accounts Receivable Receivable - County Treasurer Property Taxes Receivable	\$	8,210 5,600 5,478 1,004 118,312	\$	434,423 - 2,008 236,625	\$	8,210 440,023 5,478 3,012 354,937
Total Assets	\$	138,604	\$	673,056	\$	811,660
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Due to Other Districts Prepaid Assessments Total Liabilities	\$	8,182 1,004 3,178 12,364	\$	- - -	\$	8,182 1,004 3,178 12,364
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property Tax Revenue Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		118,312 118,312		236,625 236,625		354,937 354,937
FUND BALANCES Restricted for: Debt Service Emergency Reserves Unrestricted Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	_	5,600 2,328 7,928	_	436,431		436,431 5,600 2,328 444,359
Resources, and Fund Balances Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	<u>\$</u>	138,604	<u>\$</u>	673,056		
Capital assets are recorded as assets on the statement of net position, but are recorded as expenditures in the funds. Capital Assets, Net						497,153
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and developer advances, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.						
Bonds Payable Accrued Interest Bonds Payable Developer Advance Payable Accrued Interest on Developer Advances						(3,165,000) (11,341) (832,275) (143,409)
Net Position of Governmental Activities					\$	(3,210,513)

PATRIOT PARK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		General	Debt Service	Gov	Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES							
Property Taxes	\$	118,064	\$ 236,164	\$	354,228		
Specific Ownership Taxes		12,276	24,556		36,832		
Interest Income		64	7,177		7,241		
Maintenance Fees		53,147	-		53,147		
Other Income		90	 		90		
Total Revenues		183,641	267,897		451,538		
EXPENDITURES							
General:							
County Treasurer's Fee		1,771	3,543		5,314		
Directors Fees		500	-		500		
Payroll Taxes		38	-		38		
Banking Fees		30	-		30		
Intergovernmental Expenditures		128,572	-		128,572		
Trash Service		25,750	_		25,750		
Billing Services		15,387	_		15,387		
Covenant Enforcement		10,345	_		10,345		
Debt Service:		. 0,0 . 0			. 5,5 . 5		
Paying Agent Fees		_	4,000		4,000		
Bond Interest		_	137,600		137,600		
Bond Principal		_	35,000		35,000		
Total Expenditures		182,393	180,143		362,536		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		1,248	87,754		89,002		
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		6,680	 348,677		355,357		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	_\$	7,928	\$ 436,431	\$	444,359		

PATRIOT PARK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ 89,002

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense the allocation of the cost of any depreciation.

Dedication of Capital Assets to Other Governments Depreciation

(2,891,428)

(27,976)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, developer advances) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.

Repayment of Bond Principal

35,000

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued Interest on Bonds - Change in Liability
Accrued Interest on Developer Advance - Change in Liability

126

(66,582)

Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (2,861,858)

PATRIOT PARK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

						Variance with Final Budget	
			dget		Actual	Positive	
		Original		Final	 Amounts	<u>(N</u>	legative)
REVENUES							
Property Taxes	\$	118,074	\$	118,064	\$ 118,064	\$	-
Specific Ownership Taxes		11,807		11,807	12,276		469
Interest Income		110		110	64		(46)
Maintenance Fees		50,000		55,000	53,147		(1,853)
Other Income		_		19,354	90		(19,264)
Total Revenues		179,991		204,335	 183,641		(20,694)
EXPENDITURES							
County Treasurer's Fee		1,771		1,771	1,771		-
Directors Fees		1,200		1,200	500		700
Payroll Taxes		115		115	38		77
Intergovernmental Expenditures		121,036		130,000	128,572		1,428
Trash Service		21,500		30,000	25,750		4,250
Billing Services		15,000		15,000	15,387		(387)
Covenant Enforcement		15,000		15,000	10,345		4,655
Contingency		34		6,914	-		6,914
Banking Fees		_		· <u>-</u>	30		(30)
Total Expenditures		175,656		200,000	182,393		17,607
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		4,335		4,335	1,248		(3,087)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year		(2,535)		(2,535)	 6,680		9,215
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	1,800	\$	1,800	\$ 7,928	\$	6,128

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Patriot Park Metropolitan District No. 2 (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court of El Paso County on May 18, 2018, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The Consolidated Service Plan, approved by the City of Colorado Springs, Colorado, on April 10, 2018, which formed the Patriot Park Metropolitan Districts Nos. 1 and 2 (the Districts). The Districts' service area is located in the City of Colorado Springs, Colorado. The Districts were established to provide financing and construction for water, sanitation, streets, traffic and safety, transportation, parks and recreation, public art, sidewalk, and public space maintenance and streetscaping.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by property taxes.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Expenditures for property, plant, and equipment are shown as increases in assets and redemption of bonds and notes are recorded as a reduction in liabilities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and specific ownership taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred, or the long-term obligation is due

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the governmental funds.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The District amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Maintenance Fees

The District imposes a quarterly fee of \$90 from the homeowners and collects a \$250 fee at closing from each new homeowner to pay for the costs of trash service and covenant enforcement.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets

Capital assets which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress, and are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets component of the District's net position.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated economic useful lives:

Parks and Recreation Improvements 20 Years Ponds/Drainage1 5 Years

Deferred Inflow of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments\$ 8,210Cash and Investments - Restricted440,023Total Cash and Investments\$ 448,233

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$	17,929
Investments	_	430,304
Total Cash and Investments	\$	448,233

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2022, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$16,021 and a book balance of \$17,929.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	 Amount
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset	Weighted-Average	_
Trust (COLOTRUST)	Under 60 Days	\$ 430,304

COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers three portfolios – COLOTRUST PRIME, COLOTRUST PLUS+, and COLOTRUST EDGE.

COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+, which operate similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00, offer daily liquidity. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

COLOTRUST EDGE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$10.00 transactional share price. COLOTRUST EDGE may invest in securities authorized by Section 24-75-601.1, C.R.S., including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, and highest rated commercial paper.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

COLOTRUST (Continued)

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+ are rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST EDGE is rated AAAf/S1 by FitchRatings. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily or weekly, and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022, follows:

	Balance - December 31, 2021 Increase:			[Decreases	Balance - December 31, 2022		
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:		1						
Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets,	\$ 3,416,557	\$		\$	3,416,557	\$		
Not Being Depreciated	3,416,557		-		3,416,557		-	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Parks and Recreation	-		421,971		-		421,971	
Ponds/Drainage	 _		103,158		_		103,158	
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	 		525,129				525,129	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Parks and Recreation	-		(21,099)		-		(21,099)	
Ponds/Drainage			(6,877)				(6,877)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation			(27,976)				(27,976)	
Governmental Activities -								
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 3,416,557	\$	497,153	\$	3,416,557	\$	497,153	

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General Government

Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental

Activities

\$ 27,976

\$ 27,976

During 2022, a significant portion of the capital assets acquired by the District were conveyed to other governmental entities. The costs of all capital assets transferred to other governmental entities were removed from the District's financial records. There is a warranty period on the capital assets conveyed to other governmental entities. The District anticipates that the costs, if any, associated with the warranty will be insignificant.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of long-term obligations as of December 31, 2022:

	Balance at December 31, 2021	Additions	Reductions	Balance at December 31, 2022	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds Payable:					
G.O. Limited Tax Bonds 2021	\$ 3,200,000	\$ -	\$ 35,000	\$ 3,165,000	\$ 40,000
Total Bonds Payable	3,200,000	-	35,000	3,165,000	40,000
Loans and Notes from Direct					
Borrowings/Direct Placements:					
Developer Advances - Capital	832,275	-	-	832,275	-
Accrued Interest - Developer					
Advances - Capital	76,827	66,582		143,409	
Total Loans and Notes from					
Direct Borrowings/Direct					
Placements	909,102	66,582		975,684	
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 4,109,102	\$ 66,582	\$ 35,000	\$ 4,140,684	\$ 40,000

\$3,200,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2021

On February 10, 2021, the District issued its \$3,200,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2021 (2021 Bonds). The Bonds were issued for the purposes of: (a) pay or reimburse the Project Costs; (b) fund a portion of the interest to accrue on the Bonds; (c) fund the Reserve Fund; and (d) pay costs incidental to the issuance of the Bonds.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

\$3,200,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2021 (Continued)

The 2021 Bonds bear an interest at rate of 4.30%, payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1, beginning on June 1, 2021. Annual mandatory sinking fund principal payments are due on December 1, beginning on December 1, 2022. The Series 2021 Bonds mature on December 1, 2050.

To the extent principal of any Bond is not paid when due, such principal shall remain outstanding until paid and shall continue to bear interest at the rate then borne by the Bond. To the extent interest on any Bond is not paid when due, such interest shall compound on each Interest Payment Date at the rate then borne by the Bonds.

Pledged Revenue

The Bonds are payable solely from and to the extent of the Pledged Revenue, consisting generally of the moneys derived from the following sources, net of any costs of collection:

- (a) all Property Tax Revenues;
- (b) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the Required Mill Levy;
- (c) Capital Fees, if any; and
- (d) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to transfer to the Trustee for application as Pledged Revenue.

Required Mill Levy

Pursuant to the Indenture, the District has covenanted to impose a Required Mill Levy on all taxable property of the District each year in an amount sufficient to fund the Bond Fund for the relevant Bond Year and pay the Bonds as they come due in such Bond year (less any amount thereof for which amounts are then due on deposit in the Capitalized Interest Account of the Bond Fund,), and if necessary, an amount sufficient to replenish the Reserve Fund to the amount of the Required Reserve, but (i) not in excess of 30 mills (subject to adjustment for changes in the method of calculating assessed valuation occurring after January 1, 2006), and (ii) if the amount on deposit in the Surplus Fund is less than the Maximum Surplus Amount, not less than 30 mills, or such lesser mill levy which will fund the Bond Fund for the relevant Bond Year and pay the Bonds as they come due, will replenish the Reserve Fund to the amount of the Reserve Requirement, and will fund the Surplus Fund to the Maximum Surplus Amount.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

\$3,200,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2021 (Continued)

Events of Default

The occurrence of any one or more of the following events or the existence of any one or more of the following conditions shall constitute an Event of Default under the Indenture (whatever the reason for such event or condition and whether it shall be voluntary or involuntary or be effected by operation of law or pursuant to any judgment, decree, rule, regulation, or order of any court or any administrative or governmental body), and there shall be no default or Event of Default thereunder except as described below:

- i. The District fails or refuses to impose the Required Mill Levy; or
- ii. The District fails or refuses to apply the Pledged Revenue as required under the Indenture; or
- iii. The District defaults in the performance or observance of any of the other covenants, agreements, or conditions on the part of the District in the Indenture or the Bond Resolution, other than as described in Events of Default (a), (b), and (c) above, and fails to remedy the same after notice thereof pursuant to the Indenture; or
- iv. The District files a petition under the federal bankruptcy laws or other applicable bankruptcy laws seeking to adjust the obligation represented by the Series 2021 Bonds.

Remedies on Occurrence of Event of Default

Upon the occurrence and continuance of an Event of Default, the Trustee shall have the following rights and remedies which may be pursued:

- i. Receivership: Upon the filing of a bill in equity or other commencement of judicial proceedings to enforce the rights of the Trustee and of the Owners, the Trustee shall be entitled as a matter of right to the appointment of a receiver or receivers of the Trust Estate, and of the revenues, income, product, and profits thereof pending such proceedings, subject however, to constitutional limitations inherent in the sovereignty of the District; but notwithstanding the appointment of any receiver or other custodian, the Trustee shall be entitled to the possession and control of any cash, securities, or other instruments at the time held by, or payable or deliverable under the provisions of the Indenture to, the Trustee.
- ii. Suit for Judgement: The Trustee may proceed to protect and enforce its rights and the rights of the Owners under the Act, the Series 2021 Bonds, the Bond Resolution, the Indenture, and any provision of law by such suit, action, or special proceedings as the Trustee, being advised by Counsel, shall deem appropriate.
- iii. Mandamus or Other Suit: The Trustee may proceed by mandamus or any other suit, action, or proceeding at law or in equity, to enforce all rights of the Owners.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

\$3,200,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2021 (Continued)

Optional Redemption

The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on December 1, 2025, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium equal to a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed as follows:

Date of Redemption	Redemption Premium
December 1, 2026 to November 30, 2027	3.00 %
December 1, 2027 to November 30, 2028	2.00
December 1, 2028 to November 30, 2029	1.00
December 1, 2029 and Thereafter	0.00
	0.00

The District's long-term obligations regarding the Series 2021 general obligation bonds will mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal		Principal		Principal		Interest			Total
2023	\$	40,000		\$	136,095	•	\$ 176,095			
2024		45,000			134,375		179,375			
2025		45,000			132,440		177,440			
2026		50,000			130,505		180,505			
2027		55,000			128,355		183,355			
2028-2032		340,000			602,860		942,860			
2033-2037		470,000			519,010		989,010			
2038-2042		645,000			403,555		1,048,555			
2043-2047		845,000			248,325		1,093,325			
2048-2050		630,000	_		55,040		685,040			
Total	\$	3,165,000		\$	2,490,560		\$ 5,655,560			

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Authorized Debt

On May 8, 2018 a majority of the qualified electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$134,400,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 18% per annum. At December 31, 2022, the District had the following remaining authorized but unissued indebtedness:

	ŀ	Authorized							
	May 8,						Remaining at		
	2018 Authorization				De	cember 31,			
	Election			Used				2022	
Water	\$	9,600,000	9	5	835,859		\$	8,764,141	
Sanitation		9,600,000			1,091,726			8,508,274	
Streets		9,600,000			877,190			8,722,810	
Traffic and Safety		9,600,000			-			9,600,000	
Parks and Recreation		9,600,000			395,225			9,204,775	
Transportation		9,600,000			-			9,600,000	
Television Relay and Transmission		9,600,000			-			9,600,000	
Mosquito Control		9,600,000			-			9,600,000	
Security		9,600,000			-			9,600,000	
Fire Protection and Emergency Medical		9,600,000			-			9,600,000	
Operations and Maintenance		9,600,000			-			9,600,000	
Special Assessment		9,600,000			-			9,600,000	
Refunding Agreements		9,600,000			-			9,600,000	
Debt Refunding		9,600,000	_		-			9,600,000	
Total	\$ '	134,400,000	9	}	3,200,000		\$ 1	31,200,000	

Pursuant to the District's Service Plan, the District is limited to issuing a total of \$40,000,000 in bonds. The District is also limited to a maximum debt service mill levy of 30 mills, as adjusted for changes in the ratio of actual value to assessed value of property within the District, pursuant to the Service Plan.

In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Developer Advances

Operations Reimbursement Agreement(s)

The District and the Developer have entered into a Reimbursement Agreement (Operations) dated effective as of January 13, 2021 (as the same may be amended from time to time, the ORA). The ORA provides that the Developer will advance funds to the District for the purpose of paying the operating expenses of the District until December 31, 2021, and may be renewed for successive one (1) year periods by the Developer and the District. The District agreed to reimburse such advances, together with interest thereon (at a rate equal to 6%), subject to annual appropriation and budget approval, from legally available funds within any fiscal year and not otherwise required for operations, capital improvements, and debt service costs and expenses of the District. Since payment of such reimbursement obligation is subject to annual appropriation, they are subordinate to all bonded indebtedness of the District, whenever issued (including the Series 2021 Bonds).

As of December 31, 2022, the District has no outstanding amounts related to this agreement.

Facilities Acquisition Agreement(s)

The District and the Developer have entered into a Facilities Funding and Acquisition Agreement dated effective as of January 13, 2021 (as the same may be amended from time to time, the FFAA). The FFAA provides that, upon application of the District, the Developer may (a) construct or cause to have constructed by a general contractor the Public Improvements which the District will acquire after they have been completed, or (b) will initially fund the construction of Public Improvements by the District subject to reimbursement (both as more particularly described therein). The District agreed to reimburse such advances, together with interest thereon (at a rate equal to 8%), subject to annual appropriation and budget approval, bonds or other legally available revenue to repay such costs. In the event that the District is unable to reimburse the Developer for any such advance or the acquisition of Public Improvements within thirty years of such event, any amount of principal and accrued interest outstanding at such time shall be deemed to be forever discharged and satisfied in full. Since payment of such reimbursement obligation is subject to annual appropriation, they are subordinate to all bonded indebtedness of the District, whenever issued (including the Series 2021 Bonds). The FFAA terminates on December 31, 2047, unless terminated earlier by mutual written agreement of the parties thereto.

As of December 31, 2022, outstanding advances for capital improvements totaled \$832,275 with accrued interest of \$143,409.

NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. As of December 31, 2022, the District had net investment in capital assets calculated as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets:

Capital Assets, Net	\$ 497,153
Current Portion of Long-Term Obligations	(6,148)
Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Obligations	(630,280)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ (139,275)

Restricted assets include net position that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had restricted net position as of December 31, 2022, as follows:

Restricted Net Position:

TABOR Emergency Reserve	\$ 5,600
Debt Service	 193,627
Total Restricted Net Position	\$ 199,227

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. The deficit was a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities and which costs are anticipated to be removed from the District's financial records.

NOTE 7 RELATED PARTY

Certain owners of the majority of the undeveloped property within the District are GK Patriot LLC. Certain members of the Board of Directors are associated with GK Patriot LLC, and/or may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District.

NOTE 8 INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS

The District entered into an Intergovernmental Agreement with Patriot Park Metropolitan District No. 1 (District No. 1) dated May 22, 2018 (IGA). The IGA provides that the District will provide residential covenant enforcement, trash collection services, and related activities for the area within the District's boundaries, whereas District No. 1 shall be primarily responsible for providing substantially all of the other operation and maintenance services for the Districts, including but not limited to drainage area maintenance, park area and open space maintenance, and landscaping services.

NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials' liability, and workers' compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 10 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

On May 8, 2018, District voters passed an election question to increase property taxes \$10,000,000 annually, without limitation of rate, to pay the District's operational and maintenance costs. The voters also authorized the District to retain and spend all revenue from sources other than property taxes without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PATRIOT PARK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

								ance with al Budget	
	Budget				Actual		Positive		
	Original		_	Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
REVENUES									
Property Taxes	\$	236,154	\$	236,164	\$	236,164	\$	_	
Specific Ownership Taxes	,	23,616	·	23,616	·	24,556	,	940	
Interest Income		250		250		7,177		6,927	
Total Revenues	,	260,020		260,030		267,897		7,867	
EXPENDITURES									
County Treasurer's Fee		3,542		3,542		3,543		(1)	
Paying agent fees		-		4,000		4,000		-	
Bond Interest		137,600		137,600		137,600		-	
Bond principal		35,000		35,000		35,000		-	
Contingency		-		19,858		-		19,858	
Total Expenditures		176,142		200,000		180,143		19,857	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		83,878		60,030		87,754		27,724	
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		343,094		343,094		348,677		5,583	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	426,972	\$	403,124	\$	436,431	\$	33,307	

OTHER INFORMATION

PATRIOT PARK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2022

\$3,200,000 Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds Issue Date February 10, 2021 Principal Due Annually December 1 Interest at 4.30%

	Due June 1 and December 1								
Year Ending December 31,		Principal		Interest	CI I	Total			
rear Enaing Bosomson on,				mtoroot		rotar			
2023	\$	40,000	\$	136,095	\$	176,095			
2024		45,000		134,375		179,375			
2025		45,000		132,440		177,440			
2026		50,000		130,505		180,505			
2027		55,000		128,355		183,355			
2028		60,000		125,990		185,990			
2029		60,000		123,410		183,410			
2030		70,000		120,830		190,830			
2031		70,000		117,820		187,820			
2032		80,000		114,810		194,810			
2033		80,000		111,370		191,370			
2034		90,000		107,930		197,930			
2035		95,000		104,060		199,060			
2036		100,000		99,975		199,975			
2037		105,000		95,675		200,675			
2038		115,000		91,160		206,160			
2039		120,000		86,215		206,215			
2040		130,000		81,055		211,055			
2041		135,000		75,465		210,465			
2042		145,000		69,660		214,660			
2043		150,000		63,425		213,425			
2044		160,000		56,975		216,975			
2045		170,000		50,095		220,095			
2046		180,000		42,785		222,785			
2047		185,000		35,045		220,045			
2048		200,000		27,090		227,090			
2049		210,000		18,490		228,490			
2050		220,000		9,460		229,460			
Total	\$	3,165,000	\$	2,490,560	\$	5,655,560			

PATRIOT PARK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Prior Year Assessed Valuation for	Mills Le	evied for		Total Prop	erty 1	「axes		
Year Ended December 31,	Current Year Property Tax Levy	General	Debt General Service		Levied		Collected	Percent Collected to Levied	
2019 2020 2021 2022	\$ 202,620 845,020 2,103,060 7,096,630	15.000 15.000 16.699 16.638	30.000 30.000 33.398 33.277	\$	9,118 38,026 105,357 354,228	\$	9,118 38,026 105,356 354,229	100.00 % 100.00 100.00 100.00	
Estimated for Calendar Year Ending December 31, 2023	\$ 6,830,570	17.321	34.642	\$	354,937				

NOTE: Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes assessed in prior years, as well as reductions for property tax refunds or abatements. Information received from County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of assessment.